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No. 45

Public Sale! MARCH 20, 1919.

Having sold my farm I will sell at public auction at the Burcham farm between Marble Hill and Lutesville, the following personal property:
80 Head of Live Stock 80

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|---|--|
| 2 brood mares, | 1 sulky hay rake, |
| 1 3-year-old filly, | 1 McCormick corn binder, |
| 2 coming 2-year-old mules, | 1 double shovel, |
| 1 coming 1-year-old mule, | 1 single shovel, |
| 2 Jersey milk cows, will be fresh soon, | 2 good wagons, |
| 1 half-Jersey cow, will be fresh soon, | 1 Galloway manure spreader, |
| 2 high-grade Shorthorn cows will be fresh soon, | 1 scoop endgate, |
| 10 head of yearling steers, | 1 hay frame, |
| 2 yearling heifers, | 1 set of log bunks, |
| 1 heifer calf, | 2 log chains, |
| 3 steer calves, | 1 cant hook, |
| 1 yearling Herford bull, | 1 pair skidding tongs, |
| 3 Duroc-Jersey brood sows, will farrow in April, | 1 pair stretchers, |
| 1 Poland China sow, will farrow in May, | 1 Buffalo blacksmith blower, |
| 1 Duroc-Jersey boar, registered and pedigreed, | 1 road scraper, |
| 25 Duroc-Jersey pigs, will weigh 60 pounds, | 1 set of leather harness, |
| 6 Poland-China pigs, will weigh 60 pounds, | 2 saddles, |
| 12 Shropshire ewes, | 1 new tank pump, |
| 1 Shropshire buck, | 1 galvanized dip tank, |
| 1 Moline sulky plow, | About 100 bales of hay, |
| 1 John Deere breaking plow, | Some corn and oats, |
| 1 four-section harrow, | 3 incubators, as good as new, |
| 1 corn checker, with fertilizer and pen attachment, | 3 dressers, as good as new, |
| 1 disc cultivator, | 2 wardrobes, |
| 1 disc harrow, | 1 office desk, |
| 1 McCormick mower, | 2 rocking chairs and several other chairs, |
| | 1 black leather duofold, |
| | 3 bedsteads, springs and mattresses, |
| | 4 center tables, |
| | 2 washstands, bowls and pitchers, |
| | 2 kitchen cabinets, |
| | 1 Blue Bell cream separator |

and other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE--All articles \$10 and under, cash; on all articles over \$10 a credit of six months will be given, purchaser giving a bankable note bearing 8 per cent. interest from date. 2 per cent. discount for cash. Sale beginning at 9 o'clock prompt. Lunch on the grounds.

A. A. FARNSWORTH.

Jefferson City Letter

(By Means Ray)

Despite the fact that the house of representatives controlled by the republicans has twenty-eight assistants and one doorkeeper much difficulty was found in getting persons on each of the six doors when an executive session was held to hear Dr. G. H. Robinson of the Sanitary corps of the United States army.

When the executive session was ordered Speaker O'Fallon asked that all doors be guarded and the lobbies and galleries be cleared. When this was done the speaker suggested that some of the "numerous" clerks might perform the duty and after considerable delay the entrances were properly guarded.

It is on the doorkeeper's force that a large number of the negroes employed by the house are taken care of at \$3.50 per day in addition to those in the bill room.

A bill providing for compiling and publishing records of Missourians who served during the war with Germany, together with a history of the engagements in which they fought, has been engrossed.

A measure providing for the state board of health to regulate and control venereal diseases and provide public clinics for their treatment has been engrossed. The federal

government is back of the bill and offers to provide \$47,000 to enforce it. The government's interest in the matter is occasioned by the large number of men who were unfit for military service because of such ailments.

Indications are that the Children's Code bills by Senators Kinney and Buford will be favorably acted upon. The senate and house committees have reported favorably on the following:

Relating to the abandonment of children.

Raising the age of consent.

Prohibiting the employment of women three weeks before and three weeks after childbirth.

Raising the age of majority for girls.

Prohibiting the marriage of feeble minded, epileptic, and insane persons.

Abolishing common-law marriages.

Establishing the age of marriage for girls at 15.

Requiring the consent of parents for issuance of marriage license to minors.

Providing institutional care for colored children.

Relating to commitments to industrial homes for girls.

Relating to commitments to in-

dustrial homes for negro girls.

Treatment of incorrigible minors under the juvenile court act.

State supervision of maternity hospitals.

Establishing a state home for dependent children.

Empowering the courts to commit dependent feeble-minded persons to the state institutions.

Providing increased facilities for the care of the feeble-minded.

Relating to the commitment of dead children to the state institutions.

Establishment of special classes in the public schools for defective children.

Age at which children may work, hours of work for children.

Issuance of employment certificates.

State superintendent of schools shall supervise work of instruction in certain state institutions.

H. R. Walmsley, a candidate for the legislature from Jackson county, is here as a republican clerk lobbying for the passage of alleged pure election bills applying to Kansas City alone. If Walmsley were permitted to have his way judges of election could serve in any precinct of the city regardless of where they reside.

The purpose of the proposed legislation is to try and leave the impression with the independent voters of the state that republicans are defeated by fraud in Jackson county. The arguments used by him and his co-workers could easily be transferred to a criticism of the judges of election in Howard, Callaway, Boone, Randolph, Chariton or any of the larger democratic counties as the democratic plurality in each is greater in proportion to the vote cast than in Jackson county.

Some people move in "mysterious ways, their wonders to perform." Those who know realize that an effort is being made to create a republican organization in Jackson county by legislative enactment.

A bounty on chicken hawks and owls of 50 cents each, to be paid by the county, is proposed. To collect the bounty the head must be taken to the county court.

A bill to compel all school districts of the state to vote a levy of 65 cents before state aid is available has been introduced by Representatives Maxey and Ely. The measure also provides a scale for teachers' wages as follows: Teachers holding first grade certificates, \$75; second grade, \$65; third grade, \$50. All schools are also required to properly heat buildings, provide sanitary toilets, pure drinking water and ample and sanitary grounds.

Missourians should be more than proud of these words from General Pershing: "Without disparagement of any other division, I consider the Missouri and Kansas troops the best looking men I have got in France."

This word was brought to this country by Major General Peter E. Traub, who commanded them. "And I found them so," General Traub said.

All road men are agreed on the McCullough-Morgan road bill which was mentioned in this letter recently and it is almost certain that the measures will be enacted into laws. They provide for approximately \$60,000 for the purpose of improving 50 miles of road in each county. A conference called by Governor Gardner resulted in this agreement.

The rate on county patients to state hospitals will be increased from \$13 to \$18 per month if a bill by Senator Livesay is successful. Private patients now pay \$20.

Senator Buford proposes that instead of having a constitutional convention for a new constitution that persons interested in this matter present to the legislature such amendments as they desire and

have them submitted to the people of the state. This, he says, has been done with success in other states.

Republicans here seem very much peeved because the state indebtedness has not been paid in the promised two years, regardless of Auditor Hackman's effort to thwart its payment.

Is Bollinger County Wet?

Dear Editor—I have just read an article in the last issue of The Press in which "Farmer" is criticizing Representative Dr. Speer for voting for the ratification of the National Prohibition Amendment.

Let me say I am not at all concerned about defending Dr. Speer against a charge of nepotism, nor am I interested in the political aspect of the charges. The point to which I wish to call attention is the second charge. "Farmer" says in his article "however, this is not the most serious official charge that I bring against the good doctor and which he must explain."

It occurs to me that the people of Bollinger county voted at the last general election on state-wide prohibition, and by their recorded vote of over 700 majority said they were not in favor of state-wide prohibition. Then he goes on to say that Dr. Speer voted for national prohibition against the direct will of the people of his constituency. Now, the question that comes up in my mind is—Is Bollinger county really wet?

That the majority, as recorded, in the election already mentioned is not a true basis upon which to base our conclusion can not be denied.

I happened to know that some of the best men in the county, who being misled by the false and lying liquor advertisements, voted for liquor when they felt that certain they were voting to kill the liquor traffic.

I say without any reflection on the intelligence of the citizenship of Bollinger county that hundreds did not even know just how they were voting.

Bollinger county voted several years ago to put an end to the hellish traffic that is the country's most destructive enemy. That Bollinger county has degenerated into a lot of swill-tubs, demons and bone-heads while all the rest of the country has been making tremendous progress is unthinkable, and is a reflection upon the decent people of the county that should not go unchallenged.

That here and there may still be found a believer in the so-called "personal liberty" of the liquorites, low taxes and all the other rot the liquorites have been dishing out is perhaps true, but pray, tell me who should any representative represent in congress? Who has been the mightiest force in lifting this country to a higher level along all lines of real progress? It has been the prohibitionists, the reformers, the men and women who have been true to the principles of justice, of truth, of righteousness and of God.

Should any representative handle carelessly the opportunity for rendering a real service to humanity on the mere assumption that there are a large number of people in the county who are opposed to progress? I think not. As one who was born and reared in Bollinger I resent the charge that Bollinger county is at heart really wet, and that Dr. Speer did not properly represent his constituency when he voted "yes" on one of the most reasonable and progressive measures that ever came before the Missouri legislature.

C. R. BAKER,

Whitewater, Mo.

From Beaufort, Luxemburg, Marble Hill Press and all its readers:

This is the first letter I have written to the home paper since I came over here. I have been here eight

months and during that time, in France and Luxemburg, I spent three months in training and also spent 47 days in the front lines, and was in two of the most dangerous places that the American army ever held. Take for one instance, which was so-called Whiz Bang Hill. After our regiment came out of it at this place they shelled us with shells of all sizes from three sides. We were in a pocket. One morning at 6 a. m. we got orders to move to another front. At first the order came out that we were going back for a rest after spending 20 days, but as orders will do, they changed and we marched two nights, from the Champagne sector to the St. Mihiel sector.

Here one platoon of our company did outpost duty and we were up close enough to their outpost, if you would listen close, that you could hear them talk. We were up here four days and nights. During our time up here there wasn't a shell dropped in this town, but the second platoon of the company came up and relieved us. They were up there one night and moved out the next. The Germans dropped 5,000 gas shells in the town that night. They had to wear gas masks from 10 p. m. to 5 a. m. There being about 150 casualties—this counting one company of infantry.

Of course we were glad when the armistice was signed. We were to go over the top that day at 5 a. m., but an order came in to cease firing at 11 a. m., so that canceled the going over.

On December 7 we started on a trip of 240 kilos to Luxemburg and on the tenth day of real hardships

and sore feet we made it into Beaufort and have been billeted in private houses ever since.

I am in M. G. Co 130 Infantry, 33d Div. Of course there is lots of talk of going to Germany at present.

Hello, all readers of The Press. Am well, and good luck to all. Will try my hand again if this comes out in print. Yours truly, CORP. WILBUR BAKER.

GET READY

For the income tax man, who will be in Marble Hill March 7-8, in the courthouse where he can be consulted free of charge, in regard to your obligations to the government under the income tax laws of 1918. Office hours from 8 to 5. Many thousands who were not affected by the prior federal laws taxing incomes must this year file returns. Here are the requirements: Every unmarried person who had a net income of \$1,000 or over during 1918; and every married person who, together with wife (or husband) and minor children, had a net income of \$2,000 in 1918. Don't neglect this matter!

Public Sale

As I have sold my mercantile business I will sell at public auction in Marble Hill on

SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1919, 3 mares, 3 mare colts, 3 horse colts, 2 4-year-old mules, 2 3-year-old mules 25-year-old mules, 2 10-year-old mules, 2 yearling mules, 5 head of cattle, 2 Duroc male pigs, 1 Duroc sow pig, 2 hay rakes, 1 disc cultivator, 1 riding cultivator, 1 walking cultivator, 3 breaking plows, 2 wagons and some household goods. If you have anything to sell bring it in.

J. A. TAYLOR.

Millinery Opening.

Friday and Saturday,
March 7th and 8th

Big line of Seasonable Millinery, selected, packed and trimmed by Mrs. Babcock, an experienced Milliner from New York.

We will also be ready to show our big line of Spring Dress Goods and Notions, selected by an experienced buyer, that will just suit your taste.

A line of Perfection Oil Stoves that will be demonstrated by a specialty man who can show you all the good qualities of this superior stove.

We cordially invite you to call and see our line.

Hopkins & Yount